

RULE NO. 1

DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of these tariff schedules, the terms and expressions listed below shall have the meaning set forth opposite them:

Added Facilities: The facilities provided by the Utility at the request of the customer which are over and above the Utility's standard facilities, including but not limited to Preferred/Emergency Service.

Agricultural Power Service: Agricultural power service is that portion of electric energy and service used by a person in connection with the production, harvesting, and preparation for market of agricultural and horticultural products, including poultry and livestock, on land owned and/or operated by such person for the production of agricultural products, but does not apply to processing of products raised by others.

APU: Anaheim Public Utilities.

Applicant: The person, association, corporation or governmental agency applying for electric service.

Application: A request to the Utility for service as distinguished from an inquiry as to the availability of or charges for such service.

Billing Demand: The load or demand used for computing charges under rate schedules based on the size of the customer's load or demand. It may be the connected load, the measured maximum demand, or a modification of either as provided for by applicable rate schedules.

Billing Period: The time interval between gathering the data used for billing purposes.

City: The City of Anaheim, a municipal corporation.

City Council: The City Council of the City of Anaheim, California.

Class of Service: Different classes of service are: General Lighting, Multiple-Phase Lighting, Combination Lighting and Power, Emergency Lighting, Single-Phase Power, Polyphase Power, Welding, X-ray, Fire Pump, Fire Alarm, and Stand-by Power (permitted only where stand-by and normal circuit conductors are in separate raceways and enclosures).

Commercial Developments: Consist of two or more enterprises engaged in trade or the furnishing of services; e.g., shopping centers, sales enterprises, business offices, professional offices, and educational or governmental complexes.

Connected Load: The sum of the rated capacities of all of the customer's equipment that can be connected to the utility's lines at one time as more completely described in the rate schedules.

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Customer: The person in whose name service is rendered as evidenced by the contract or agreement for that service, or, in the absence of a signed instrument, by the receipt of bills regularly issued in his name regardless of the identity of the actual user of the service. A customer may also be a party with whom the City of Anaheim is doing business, with or without a billing relationship, or who is receiving benefit of utility service under another party's name.

Customer's Mailing Address: The address specified in a Customer's application or contract, or any other address subsequently given to the Utility by the customer, to which any notice or other communication is to be mailed.

Data Acquisition Agent (DAA): The entity that collects meter data associated with Customer Choice customer usage on the Utility's behalf and provides such data to the Utility and each ESP after being validated in accordance with the requirements of the Utility's Electric Rates, Rules and Regulations and in compliance with Independent System Operator requirements.

Date of Presentation: The date upon which a bill or notice is mailed, or delivered by the Utility to the customer.

Debt Service: Cash required over a given period of time for the repayment of interest and principal on borrowed funds.

Distributed Generation Resource: A source of electricity utilizing small-scale renewable power generation technologies including, but not limited to, solar panels on the roofs of buildings and small wind turbines, which provide an alternative to or an enhancement of a traditional electric power system and reduce the amount of energy lost in transmitting electricity since power is generated near where it is used.

Distribution Lines: Overhead pole lines and/or underground facilities consisting of conduit and cable which are operated at nominal distribution voltages.

Domestic Service: Service for residential use at a dwelling premises. Any service for other than residential use at a dwelling premises may be served through the domestic service meter only where such nondomestic connected load does not exceed 300 watts for lighting or 2 hp for power.

Eligible Customer-Generator: Any Customer who uses a solar or wind turbine electrical generating facility or a hybrid system of both that is located on the Customer-generator's Premises, is interconnected and operates in parallel with the City's transmission and distribution facilities, and is intended primarily to offset part or all of the Customer-generator's own electrical requirements on the Premises.

Energy Service Provider (ESP): The party that contracts with the end-use customer to provide commodity electric service.

Environmental Mitigation: Measures taken to decrease the negative impacts on the natural environment resulting from activities associated with the provision of electric services, including procurement, generation, transmission, and distribution of power.

General Manager: General Manager of the City of Anaheim, Public Utilities Department or a designee.

General Service: Service to any lighting or power installation except those eligible for service on single-family or multi-family domestic, street lighting, outdoor area lighting, municipal, or standby schedules.

Greenhouse Gas: Any gas that absorbs and/or emits infra-red radiation in the atmosphere, including carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, perfluorocarbons, sulfur hexafluoride, and hydrofluorocarbons, or as may be defined in applicable state or federal law.

Housing Project: A building or group of buildings located on a single premises and containing residential dwelling units for which master metering of electric service at one location has been installed in accordance with tariffs in effect at the time of installation.

Industrial Developments: Consist of two or more enterprises engaged in a process which creates a product or changes materials into another form or product.

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ISSUED BY:
Marcie L. Edwards
General Manager

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Intermittent Service: Service which, in the opinion of the Utility, is subject to discontinuance for a time or at intervals.

Independent System Operator (ISO): A California, State chartered, nonprofit public benefit corporation charged with operating the majority of California's high-voltage wholesale power grid and balancing the demand for electricity with an equal supply of megawatts.

Lighting Service: Service to any apparatus transforming electric energy into light for all visual purposes except those specified under "Power Service".

Line Extension: All facilities, excluding transformer, service connection and meter required to extend electric service from the utility's existing permanent facilities to the point of delivery to the customer.

Mailed: Any notice or other communication will be considered "mailed" when it is enclosed in a sealed envelope, properly addressed, and deposited in any United States Post Office Box, postage prepaid.

Maximum Demand: The average kilowatts during the specified time interval when the customer's use is greatest in the billing period as indicated or recorded by the utility's meter.

Meter: The instrument used for measuring the electricity delivered to the Customer.

Month: A thirty-day period.

Multi-family Accommodation: An apartment building, duplex, mobilehome park, court group, or any other group of residential units located upon a single premises, providing the residential units therein meet the requirements for a single-family accommodation. Hotels, guest or resort ranches, tourist camps, motels, auto courts, and trailer courts, consisting primarily of guest rooms and/or transient accommodations, are not classed as multi-family accommodations.

Municipal Service: Utility Services supplied to City of Anaheim departments.

Nominal Voltage: The nominal voltage of a circuit is the approximate voltage between conductors in a circuit or system of a given class, assigned for the purpose of convenient designation. For any specific nominal voltage, the operating voltage actually existing at various points and at various times on the system is subject to normal distribution variation.

Participating Apartment Owner: An apartment owner who has signed an agreement with the City of Anaheim to participate in a plan whereby utility service at his various units will automatically be established in his name as they become vacant.

Permanent Service: Service which, in the opinion of the Utility, is of a permanent and established character. This service may be continuous, intermittent, or seasonal in nature.

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Person: Any individual, partnership, corporation, public agency, or other organization operating as a single entity.

Point of Delivery: The point where conductors of the Utility are connected to the conductors of the customer, regardless of the location of the Utility's meters or transformers. Utility conductors may be owned, leased, or under license by the Utility, and the conductors of the customer may be owned, leased, or under license by the customer.

Power Exchange (PX): A California, State chartered, nonprofit corporation or its successor charged with providing an efficient, competitive auction to meet electric loads of exchange customers.

Power Factor: The ratio of the revenue producing current in a circuit to the total current in that circuit. In terms of power quantities, power factor is the ratio of kw (real power) to the total kva (total power).

Power Service: Service to apparatus or equipment used for purposes other than lighting shall be considered as power service. Lamps or lights used for purposes which, in the opinion of the Utility, are not general illumination purposes are classed as power service, such as the following: motion picture projection, motion picture and television production, production of chemical reactions, sterilizing, drying, radiant heating, therapeutic, photographic processing, stimulating the growth or yield of agricultural products, pilot or indicating lights on power control equipment, and lighting used as an aid in the operation of a motor-driven production machine for the purpose of checking tool settings or dial readings, measuring or inspecting the product while on the machine, when the lamps are installed as an integral part of the machine and energized from its power supply.

Preferred/Emergency Service: Added Facilities required to provide redundant service from an alternate utility source, and the equipment to transfer load from a preferred or normal source to an emergency or backup source.

Premises: All of the real property and apparatus employed in a single enterprise on an integral parcel of land undivided, excepting in the case of industrial, agricultural, oil field, resort enterprises, and public or quasi-public institutions, by a dedicated street, highway, or other public thoroughfare, or a railway. Automobile parking lots constituting a part of and adjacent to a single enterprise may be separated by an alley from the remainder of the premises served.

Public Utilities Board: The Public Utilities Board as appointed by the City of Anaheim City Council.

Pull Box: An enclosure for joining conductors which also provides by its size, arrangement, and location the necessary facilities for pulling the conductors into place. This term as used here includes structures also known as "manhole", "hand hold", and "switch board pull section".

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Quasi-public Institutions: Public utilities, educational institutions, and hospitals, whether publicly or privately owned, where the property, campus or hospital grounds extend over relatively large areas through which public streets may run.

Rate Charges: Charges in the Rate Schedules may include the following:

Added Facilities Charge: The fee collected by the Utility for the installation and use of Added Facilities equipment.

Customer Charge: That portion of the charge for service which is a fixed amount without regard to connected load, demand, or energy consumption in accordance with the Rate Schedule.

Demand Charge: That portion of the charge for service which varies with the billing demand in accordance with the Rate Schedule.

Energy Charge: That portion of the charge for service which varies with the quantity of energy consumed in accordance with the Rate Schedule.

Minimum Charge: The least amount for which service will be rendered in accordance with the Rate Schedule.

Service Charge: That portion of the charge for service which is a fixed amount based on connected load in accordance with the Rate Schedule.

Standby Charge: That portion of the charge for standby service which is a fixed amount based on the maximum load the Utility stands ready to supply in accordance with the Rate Schedule.

Rate Schedule: May be one or more tariff pages setting forth the charges and conditions for a particular class or type of service at a given location. A Rate Schedule, as referred to herein, shall include all the wording on the applicable tariff page or pages, including but not limited to, the following: Schedule Number, Class of Service, Character or Applicability, Territory, Rates, Conditions, and reference to a Rule or Rules.

Required Net Energy Meter: A single meter capable of registering the flow of electricity in two directions.

Residential Unit: A residential dwelling unit consisting of a room or group of rooms which do not qualify as single-family dwellings. Residential Units may be used as permanent primary dwellings, as transient tenant accommodations, and by organizations or groups of persons. When a Residential Unit is used as a permanent primary residence, use shall be domestic service. When such units are used by a transient tenant, an organization, or a group of persons, use shall be nondomestic or general service.

Revenue: Amount realized from the selling of goods or services before customer discounts or uncollectible write-offs are applied. This does not include amounts collected from sources that are to be deferred in accordance with Financial Accounting Standard number 71.

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Rules: Tariff pages which set forth the application of all rates, charges and services when such applicability is not set forth in and as a part of the rate schedules.

Service Wires or Connection: The group of conductors, whether overhead or underground, necessary to connect the service entrance conductors of the customer to the Utility's supply line, regardless of the location of the Utility's meters or transformers. An overhead service connection, sometimes referred to as a "service drop", is the group of conductors between the customer's building or other permanent support and the Utility's adjacent pole.

Service Extension: Consists of the service wires or connections as above defined. Normally the "service drop" is furnished at the Utility's expense.

Single Enterprise: A separate business or other individual activity carried on by a customer. The term does not apply to associations or combinations of customers.

Single-Family Dwelling or Accommodation: A house, apartment, flat, or any other residential unit which contains cooking facilities (not necessarily electric) and which is used as a residence by a single family.

Standby Service: Service supplied to customers who normally obtain their power requirements from sources other than the Utility. Under this service the Utility provides a permanent service connection to supply the customer's contracted load in accordance with the provisions of the standby schedule.

Street Lighting Service: Service to any lighting apparatus used primarily for the illumination of streets, alleys, highways, or other public ways.

Swimming Pool: A permanently installed swimming pool, above or below ground, with permanently installed pump, motor, filtering equipment and automatic timer to control the operation of the pumping equipment. The pump motor must be rated at a minimum of 3/4 horsepower.

Tariff Page: An individual page of the tariff schedules.

Tariff Schedules: The entire body of effective rates, rentals, charges, and rules collectively of the Utility, as set forth herein, and including title page, preliminary statement, rate schedules, and rules.

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Temporary Service: Service for enterprises or activities which are temporary in character or where it is known in advance that service will be of limited duration. Service, which in the opinion of the Utility, is for operations of a speculative character or the permanency of which has not been established, also is considered temporary service.

Tract or Subdivision: An area which may be identified by filed subdivision plans or as an area in which a group of dwellings may be constructed about the same time, either by a large scale builder or by several builders working on a coordinated basis.

Utility: The City of Anaheim - Public Utilities Department.

Utility's Operating Convenience: The term refers to the utilization, under certain circumstances, of facilities or practices not ordinarily employed which contribute to the overall efficiency of the Utility's operations; it does not refer to customer convenience or to the use of facilities or adoption of practices required to comply with applicable laws, ordinances, rules or regulations, or similar requirements of public authorities.

X-ray Service: Service to any apparatus transforming electric energy into radiations similar to light but having wavelengths of from .0006 to 2 angstroms.